Technical Information **iTHERM TM412**

Trend-setting, modular resistance thermometer with spring loaded insert for hygienic and aseptic applications



Applications

- Specially designed for use in hygienic and aseptic applications in the Food & Beverages and Life Sciences industries
- Measuring range: -200 to +600 °C (-328 to +1112 °F)
- Pressure range up to 40 bar (580 psi)
- Protection class: up to IP69K

Temperature transmitter

All Endress+Hauser transmitters are available with enhanced accuracy and reliability compared to directly wired sensors. Easy customizing by choosing one of the following outputs and communication protocols:

- Analog output 4 to 20 mA, HART[®]
- PROFIBUS[®] PA, FOUNDATION Fieldbus[™]
- Bluetooth[®] connectivity (optional)
- Hygienic field transmitters with HART[®] protocol with backlit display, large measured value, bargraph and fault condition indication for ease of reading

Your benefits

- User-friendly and reliable from product selection to maintenance
- iTHERM inserts: globally unique, automated production. Full traceability and consistently high product quality for reliable measured values
- iTHERM QuickSens: fastest response times (t $_{90s}$: 1.5 s) for optimum process control
- iTHERM StrongSens: all-time vibration resistance (> 60g) for ultimate plant safety
- iTHERM QuickNeck cost and time savings thanks to simple, tool-free recalibration
- iTHERM TA30R: 316L terminal head for easy handling and low installation and maintenance costs, with highest IP69K rating
- International certification: explosion protection e.g. ATEX/IECEx/FM/CSA and in compliance with hygiene standards according to 3-A[®], EHEDG, ASME BPE, FDA, TSE Certificate of Suitability



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Function and system design

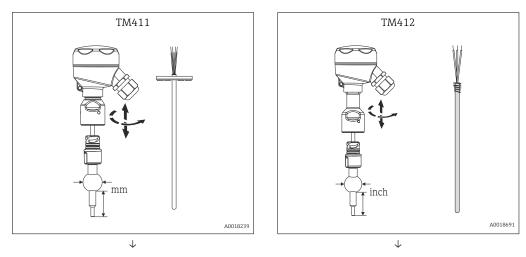
iTHERM Hygiene line

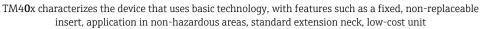
This thermometer is part of the product line of modular thermometers for hygienic and aseptic applications.

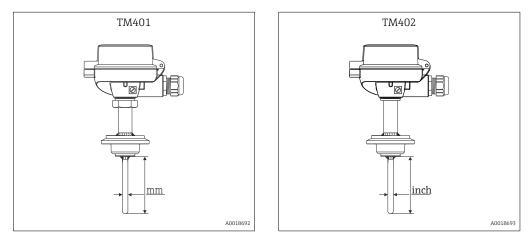
Differentiating factors when selecting a suitable thermometer



TM41x characterizes the device that uses cutting-edge technology, with features such as a replaceable insert, quick-fastening extension neck (iTHERM QuickNeck), vibration-resistant and fast-response sensor technology iTHERM StrongSens and QuickSens) and approval for use in hazardous areas







Measuring principle

Resistance thermometer (RTD)

These resistance thermometers use a Pt100 temperature sensor according to IEC 60751. The temperature sensor is a temperature-sensitive platinum resistor with a resistance of 100 Ω at 0 °C (32 °F) and a temperature coefficient α = 0.003851 °C⁻¹.

There are generally two different kinds of platinum resistance thermometers:

- Wire wound (WW): Here, a double coil of fine, high-purity platinum wire is located in a ceramic support. This is then sealed top and bottom with a ceramic protective layer. Such resistance thermometers not only facilitate very reproducible measurements but also offer good long-term stability of the resistance/temperature characteristic within temperature ranges up to 600 °C (1112 °F). This type of sensor is relatively large in size and it is comparatively sensitive to vibrations.
- Thin film platinum resistance thermometers (TF): A very thin, ultrapure platinum layer, approx. 1 µm thick, is vaporized in a vacuum on a ceramic substrate and then structured photolithographically. The platinum conductor paths formed in this way create the measuring resistance. Additional covering and passivation layers are applied and reliably protect the thin platinum layer from contamination and oxidation, even at high temperatures.

The primary advantages of thin film temperature sensors over wire wound versions are their smaller sizes and better vibration resistance. A relatively low principle-based deviation of the resistance/ temperature characteristic from the standard characteristic of IEC 60751 can frequently be observed among TF sensors at high temperatures. As a result, the tight limit values of tolerance category A as per IEC 60751 can only be observed with TF sensors at temperatures up to approx. 300 °C (572 °F).

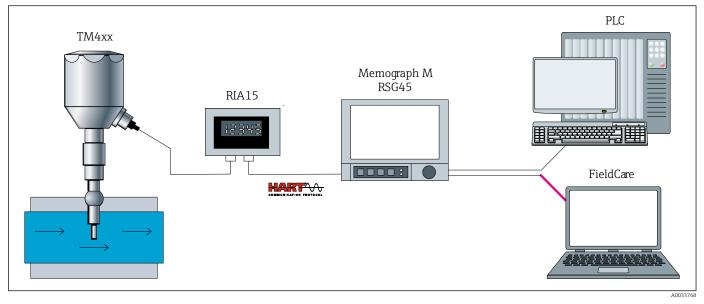
Thermocouples (TC)

Thermocouples are comparatively simple, robust temperature sensors which use the Seebeck effect for temperature measurement: if two electrical conductors made of different materials are connected at a point, a weak electrical voltage can be measured between the two open conductor ends if the conductors are subjected to a thermal gradient. This voltage is called thermoelectric voltage or electromotive force (emf.). Its magnitude depends on the type of conducting materials and the temperature difference between the "measuring point" (the junction of the two conductors) and the "cold junction" (the open conductor ends). Accordingly, thermocouples primarily only measure differences in temperature. The absolute temperature at the measuring point can be determined from these if the associated temperature at the cold junction is known or is measured separately and compensated for. The material combinations and associated thermoelectric voltage/temperature characteristics of the most common types of thermocouple are standardized in the IEC 60584 and ASTM E230/ANSI MC96.1 standards.

Measuring system

Endress+Hauser offers a complete portfolio of optimized components for the temperature measuring point – everything you need for the seamless integration of the measuring point into the overall facility. This includes:

- Power supply unit/barrier
- Display units
- Data managers
- Overvoltage protection
- For more information, see the brochure 'System Products and Data Managers Solutions for the loop' (FA00016K)



I Example of application, measuring point layout with additional Endress+Hauser components

- iTHERM TM4x2: Installed RTD thermometer with integrated HART[®] head transmitter
- Display unit RIA15:
 - Display of 4 to 20 mA measured values or HART® process variables
 - Loop-powered
 - Voltage drop $\leq 1 \text{ V}$ (HART[®] $\leq 1.9 \text{ V}$)
- Data Management Memograph M RSG45:
 - Tamper-proof data storage and access (FDA 21 CFR 11)
 - HART® gateway functionality; Up to 40 HART® devices connected at a time
- Communication capabilities: Modbus, Profibus DP, PROFINET, EtherNet/IP
 PLC / FieldCare: Field Data Manager Software MS20 Automatic service for report generation, printing reports, read out of data, storing of data, secure export, pdf generation Read out measured data via online interface or from mass storage Online visualization of instantaneous values ("live data"). More information on this can be found in the Technical Information, see "Documentation".

Modular design

Design		Options
	1: Terminal head, housing → 🗎 26	 316L, high or low head, optionally with display window Aluminum, high or low head, with or without display window Polypropylene, low head Polyamide, high head, without display window Field transmitter with display, as option Your benefits: Optimum terminal access thanks to low housing edge of bottom section:
		 Easier to use Lower installation and maintenance costs Optional display: local process display unit for added reliability IP69K protection: optimum protection even with high-pressure cleaning
	2: Wiring, electrical connection, output signal $\rightarrow \cong 6$	 Ceramic terminal block Flying leads Head transmitter (4 to 20 mA, HART[®], PROFIBUS[®] PA, FOUNDATION™ Fieldbus), single-channel or two-channel Attachable display (optional) Field transmitter (HART[®]), two-channel input
	3: Connector or cable gland → 🗎 30	 PROFIBUS[®] PA / FOUNDATION[™] Fieldbus connector, 4-pin 8-pin connector Polyamide cable glands
	4: Extension neck $\rightarrow \cong 30$	 Quick fastener iTHERM QuickNeck Standard NPT ½" nipple Hygienic nipple-union-nipple NPT ½" UNEF thread 1-¼" x 18, for mounting in existing thermowell
6		 Your benefits: iTHERM QuickNeck - tool-free removal of the insert: Saves time/costs on frequently calibrated measuring points Wiring mistakes avoided IP69K protection: safety under extreme process conditions Hygienic nipple-union-nipple: slim, hygienic construction design allow for removal of insert without unwiring device
	5: Process connection → 🗎 31	Wide range of different versions.

Design		Options
	6: Thermowell	Various diametersVarious tip shapes (straight or reduced)
	7: Insert → 🗎 25	Spring loaded sensor models: wire wound (WW) or thin-film sensor (TF).
		 Your benefits: iTHERM QuickSens - insert with the world's fastest response time: Insert: Ø3 mm (0.12 in) or Ø6 mm (0.24 in) Fast, highly accurate measurements, delivering maximum process safety and control Quality and cost optimization

Input

Measured variable	Temperature (temperature-linear transmission behavior)									
Measuring range	Depends on the type of sensor	Depends on the type of sensor used								
	Sensor type	Measuring range								
	Pt100 thin-film	–50 to +200 °C (–58 to +392 °F)								
	Pt100 thin-film, iTHERM StrongSens, vibration- resistant > 60g	−50 to +500 °C (−58 to +932 °F)								
	Pt100 thin-film, iTHERM QuickSens, fast-response	−50 to +200 °C (−58 to +392 °F)								
	Pt100 wire wound, extended measuring range	-200 to +600 °C (-328 to +1112 °F)								

Output

Output signal	Generally, the measured value can be transmitted in one of two ways:
	 Directly-wired sensors - sensor measured values forwarded without a transmitter. Via all common protocols by selecting an appropriate Endress+Hauser iTEMP temperature transmitter. All the transmitters listed below are mounted directly in the terminal head or as field transmitter and wired with the sensory mechanism.
Family of temperature transmitters	Thermometers fitted with iTEMP transmitters are an installation-ready complete solution to improve temperature measurement by significantly increasing accuracy and reliability, when compared to direct wired sensors, as well as reducing both wiring and maintenance costs.
	PC programmable head transmitters They offer a high degree of flexibility, thereby supporting universal application with low inventory storage. The iTEMP transmitters can be configured quickly and easily at a PC. Endress+Hauser offers

free configuration software which can be downloaded from the Endress+Hauser Website. More information can be found in the Technical Information. $\rightarrow \implies 38$

HART[®] head transmitters

The transmitter is a 2-wire device with one or two measuring inputs and one analog output. The device not only transfers converted signals from resistance thermometers and thermocouples, it also transfers resistance and voltage signals using HART[®] communication. Swift and easy operation, visualization and maintenance using universal device configuration tools like FieldCare, DeviceCare or FieldCommunicator 375/475. Integrated Bluetooth[®] interface for the wireless display of measured values and configuration via E+H SmartBlue (app), optional. For more information, see the Technical Information. $\rightarrow \cong 38$

PROFIBUS® PA head transmitters

Universally programmable head transmitter with PROFIBUS[®] PA communication. Conversion of various input signals into digital output signals. High accuracy over the complete ambient temperature range. The configuration of PROFIBUS PA functions and of device-specific parameters is performed via fieldbus communication. For more information, see the Technical Information. $\rightarrow \cong 38$

FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ head transmitters

Universally programmable head transmitter with FOUNDATION FieldbusTM communication. Conversion of various input signals into digital output signals. High accuracy over the complete ambient temperature range. All transmitters are released for use in all important process control systems. The integration tests are performed in Endress+Hauser's "System World". For more information, see the Technical Information. $\rightarrow \square 38$

Advantages of the iTEMP transmitters:

- Dual or single sensor input (optionally for certain transmitters)
- Unsurpassed reliability, accuracy and long-term stability in critical processes
- Mathematical functions
- Monitoring of the thermometer drift, sensor backup functionality, sensor diagnostic functions
- Sensor-transmitter matching for dual sensor input transmitter, based on Callendar/Van Dusen coefficients

Field transmitters

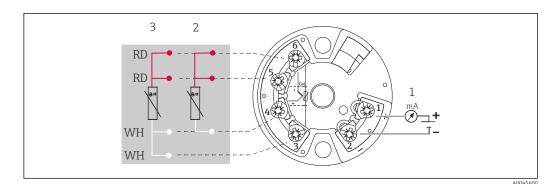
Field transmitter with HART[®] communication and backlit display. Can be read easily from a distance, in sunlight and at night. Large measurement value, bargraph and fault indication displayed. Benefits are: dual sensor input, highest reliability in harsh industrial environments, mathematic functions, thermometer drift monitoring and sensor back-up functionality, corrosion detection.

Power supply

Wiring diagrams for RTD

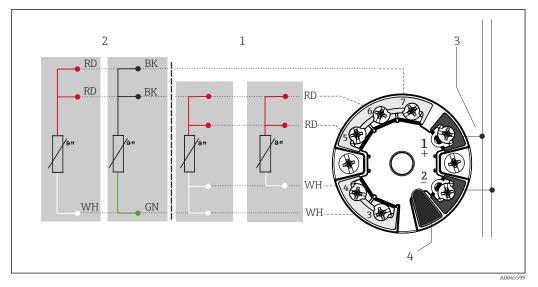
According to the 3-A Sanitary Standard and the EHEDG, electrical connecting cables must be smooth, corrosion-resistant and easy to clean.

Type of sensor connection

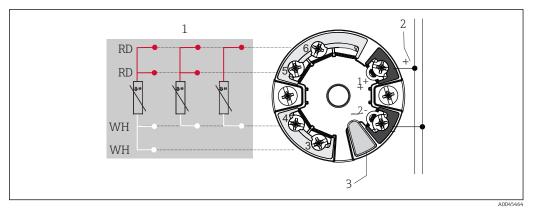


■ 2 Head mounted transmitter TMT18x (single input). Only available with screw terminals.

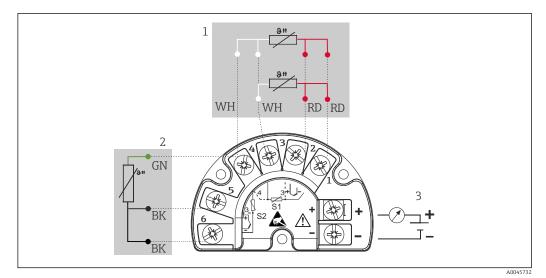
- 1 Power supply head transmitter and analog output 4 to 20 mAor bus connection
- 2 3-wire
- 3 4-wire



- 3 Head mounted transmitter TMT8x (dual input). Fitted with spring terminals if screw terminals are not explicitly selected.
- 1 Sensor input 1, RTD, 4- and 3-wire
- 2 Sensor input 2, RTD, 3-wire
- 3 Bus connection and supply voltage
- 4 Display connection

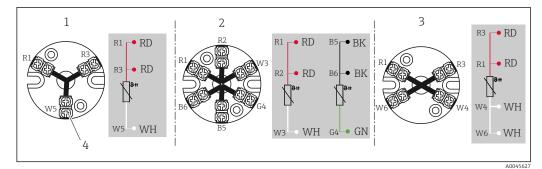


- Head mounted transmitter TMT7x (single input). Fitted with spring terminals if screw terminals are not explicitly selected.
- 1 Sensor Input
- 2 Bus connection and supply voltage
- 3 Display connection



🛃 5 Field mounted transmitter TMT162 (dual input)

- 1 Sensor 1
- 2 Sensor 2 (not TMT142B)
- 3
- Power supply field transmitter and analog output 4 to 20 mA or bus connection



፼ 6 Terminal block mounted

- 1 3-wire single
- 2 2 x 3-wire single
- 3 4-wire single
- 4 Outside screw

Cable entries

See the 'Terminal head' section

Connectors

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of connectors for the simple and fast integration of the thermometer into a process control system. The following tables show the PIN assignments of the various plug connector combinations.

Abbreviations

#1	Order: first transmitter/insert	#2	Order: second transmitter/insert
i	Insulated. Wires marked 'i' are not connected and are insulated with heat shrink tubes.	YE	Yellow
GND	Grounded. Wires marked 'GND' are connected to the internal grounding screw in the terminal head.	RD	Red
BN	Brown	WH	White
GNYE	Green-yellow	PK	Pink
BU	Blue	GN	Green
GY	Gray	BK	Black

Terminal head with one cable entry

Plug	1x PROFI				FIBUS I	PA			1x FOUNDATION™ Fieldbus (FF)					8-pin									
Plug thread		Μ	12			7	/8"			7,	7/8" M12												
PIN number	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
Electrical connect	tion (te	ermina	l head	l)																			
Flying leads								N	ot conr	nected	(not in	sulated	1)										
3-wire terminal block (1x Pt100)			v	νΉ			v	VH			W	/Ή			I		W	/Ή					
4-wire terminal block (1x Pt100)	- RD	RD	WH	WH	RD	RD	WH	WH	RD	RD	WH	WH	RD	RD	WH	WH	-		i				
6-wire terminal block (2x Pt100)	RD (#1) 1)	RD (#1) ¹⁾	WH	(#1) ¹⁾	RD (#1) ¹⁾	RD (#1) ¹⁾	WH	(#1) ¹⁾	RD (#1) ¹⁾	RD (#1) ¹⁾	WH (#1) ¹⁾				ΤH	ВК	BK	Y	Е			
1x TMT 4 to 20 mA or HART®	+	i	-	i	+	i	-	i	+	i	-	i										i	
2x TMT 4 to 20 mA or HART [®] in the terminal head with a high cover	+ (#1)	+ (#2)	- (#1)	-(#2)	+ (#1)	+ (#2)	- (#1)	-(#2)	+ (#1)	+ (#2)	- (#1)	-(#2)	+ (#1)	i	- (#1)	i	+ (#2)	i	- (#2)	i			
1x TMT PROFIBUS® PA	+ i		-	GND	+	- i	-	GND		GND			e combi	nod		1	Cor	not ho	e combi	nod			
2x TMT PROFIBUS® PA	+ (#1)		- (#1)	2)	+		-	2)	Cal	IIIOL DE	COILIDI	illeu			Cal	lliot De	COIIIDI	neu					
1x TMT FF									-	+													
2x TMT FF	Car	nnot be	e comb	ined	Car	nnot be	e comb	ined	- (#1)	+ (#1)	GND	i	Cannot be combined										
PIN position and color code			1 H 2 (3 H 4 (GNYE BU			1 H 2 (3 H 4 (GNYE BU			1 E 2 E 3 C 4 C	BN	3 GN 2 BN 4 YE 1 WH 5 GY 6 PK 7 BU			A0018927							

Second Pt100 is not connected If a plastic housing TA30S or TA30P is used, insulated 'i' instead of grounded GND 1) 2)

Terminal head with two cable entries

2x PROFIBUS® PA								2x FOUNDATION™ Fieldbus (FF)				
M12(#1) / M12(#2)				(#1) / M12(#2) 7/8"(#1) / 7/8"(#2)					7/8"(#1) / 7/8"(#2)			
1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4				1	2	3	4					
l)												
				Not c	onnected	(not insul	ated)					
RD/i RD/i		(i DD./i WH/i		י/ תק	י/ תם	WH/i		רח (:	DD /i	WH/i		
		WH/i	WH/i		100/1	WH/i	WH/i	1/0/1	1/1/1	WH/i	WH/i	
RD/BK RD/BK WH/YE RD/BK RD/BK WH/YE				RD/BK	RD/BK	WH	/YE					
	1) RD/i	1 2) RD/i RD/i	M12(#1) / M12(#2 1 2 3) RD/i RD/i WI WH/i	M12(#1) / M12(#2) 1 2 3 4) RD/i RD/i WH/i WH/i	M12(#1) / M12(#2) 1 2 3 4 1) RD/i RD/i VH/i RD/i RD/i VH/i VH/i	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c } & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	

Plug		2x PROFIBUS [®] PA							2x FOU	NDATIO	V™ Fieldl	ous (FF)
1x TMT 4 to 20 mA or HART®	+/i		-/i		+/i		-/i		+/i		-/i	
2x TMT 4 to 20 mA or HART [®] in the terminal head with a high cover	+(#1)/ +(#2)	i/i	-(#1)/ -(#2)	i/i	+(#1)/ +(#2)	i/i	-(#1)/ -(#2)	i/i	+(#1)/ +(#2)	i/i	-(#1)/ -(#2)	i/i
1x TMT PROFIBUS® PA	+/i	1/1	-/i	GND/G	+/i	1/1	-/i	GND/G				
2x TMT PROFIBUS® PA	+(#1)/ +(#2)		-(#1)/ ND -(#2)		+(#1)/ +(#2)		-(#1)/ -(#2)	ND	Cannot be combined			d
1x TMT FF									-/i	+/i		GND/G
2x TMT FF	с С	Cannot be combined		đ	(Cannot be	combine	d	-(#1)/ -(#2)	+(#1)/ +(#2)	i/i	ND
PIN position and color code	4		1 BN 2 GNY 3 BU 4 GY	́ТЕ 40018929			1 BN 2 GNY 3 BU 4 GY	ΎЕ 40018930	1		1 BU 2 BN 3 GY 4 GN	/E 40018931

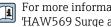
Connection combination: insert - transmitter

Insert	Transmitter connection ¹⁾							
liiseit	1x 1-channel	2x 1-channel ²⁾	2x 2-channel ²⁾					
1x Pt100, flying leads	Pt100 (#1) : transmitter (#1)	Pt100 (#1) : transmitter (#1) (Transmitter (#2) not connected)	Pt100 (#1) : transmitter (#1)	Pt100 (#1) : transmitter (#1) Transmitter (#2) not connected				
2x Pt100, flying leads	Pt100 (#1) : transmitter (#1) Pt100 (#2) insulated	Pt100 (#1) : transmitter (#1) Pt100 (#2): transmitter (#2)	Pt100 (#1) : transmitter (#1) Pt100 (#2) : transmitter (#1)	Pt100 (#1) : transmitter (#1) Pt100 (#2) : transmitter (#1) (Transmitter (#2) not connected)				
1x Pt100 with terminal block ²⁾	Pt100 (#1) : transmitter in cover		Pt100 (#1) : transmitter in cover					
2x Pt100 with terminal block ²⁾	Pt100 (#1) : transmitter in cover Pt100 (#2) not connected	Cannot be combined	Pt100 (#1) : transmitter in cover Pt100 (#2) : transmitter in cover	Cannot be combined				

If 2 transmitters are selected in a terminal head, transmitter #1 is installed in the high cover. A TAG cannot be ordered for the 2nd transmitter as 1) standard. The bus address is set to the default value and, if necessary, must be changed manually before commissioning.

2) Only in the terminal head with a high cover, only 1 transmitter possible. A ceramic terminal block is automatically fitted on the insert.

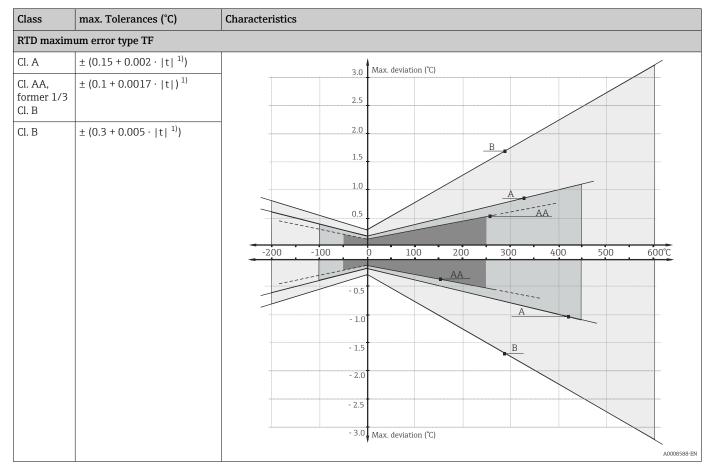
To protect against overvoltage in the power supply and signal/communication cables for the **Overvoltage** protection thermometer electronics, Endress+Hauser offers the HAW562 surge arrester for DIN rail mounting and the HAW569 for field housing installation.



For more information see the Technical Information 'HAW562 Surge arrester' TI01012K and 'HAW569 Surge arrester' TI01013K.

Performance characteristics

Reference conditions These data are relevant for determining the accuracy of the temperature transmitters used. More information on this can be found in the Technical Information of the iTEMP temperature transmitters.



Maximum measured error RTD resistance thermometer corresponding to IEC 60751

1) |t| = absolute value °C

For measurement errors in °F, calculate using equations in °C, then multiply the outcome by 1.8.

Temperat	ure ra	naes
remperat	arciu	iycs

Sensor type	Operating temperature range	Class B	Class A	Class AA
iTHERM	−50 to 500 °C	-	−30 to 300 °C	0 to 200 °C
StrongSens	(−58 to 932 °F)		(−22 to 572 °F)	(32 to 392 °F)
iTHERM	−50 to 200 °C	-	−30 to 200 °C	0 to 200 °C
QuickSens	(−58 to 392 °F)		(−22 to 392 °F)	(32 to 392 °F)
Pt100 thin film	−50 to 200 °C	−50 to 200 °C	-30 to 200 °C	-
sensor (TF)	(−58 to 392 °F)	(−58 to 392 °F)	(-22 to 392 °F)	
Pt100 wire- wound sensor (WW)	−200 to 600 °C (−328 to 1112 °F)	-	-100 to 450 ℃ (-148 to 842 ℉)	−50 to 250 °C (−58 to 482 °F)

Influence of ambient temperature

Self heating

RTD elements are passive resistances that are measured using an external current. This measurement current causes a self-heating effect in the RTD element itself which in turn creates an additional measurement error. In addition to the measurement current, the size of the measurement error is also affected by the temperature conductivity and flow velocity of the process. This self-heating error is negligible when an Endress+Hauser iTEMP temperature transmitter (very small measurement current) is connected.

Response time

Tests in water at 0.4 m/s (1.3 ft/s), according to IEC 60751; 10 K temperature step change.

Response time without heat transfer paste ¹⁾

Protection tube	Shape of tip	Insert	1x Pt100 iTHERM QuickSens, TF		1x Pt100 iTHERM StrongSens , TF		1x Pt100 wire wound WW		2x Pt100 wire wound WW		1x Pt100 standard thin-film TF		2x Pt100 standard thin-film TF	
			t ₅₀		t ₅₀	t ₉₀	t ₅₀	t ₉₀	t ₅₀	t ₉₀	t ₅₀	t ₉₀	t ₅₀	t ₉₀
		Ø3 mm (0.12 in)	1.6 s	5.9 s	-	-	7.8 s	21.8 s	7.8 s	21.8 s	-	-	-	-
	Straight	Ø6 mm (0.24 in)	8.5 s	47 s	25.9 s	80.9 s	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ø9.53 mm (³ / ₈ in)	Straight	Ø6.35 mm (¼ in)	-	-	-	-	23.6 s	67 s	21.8 s	65.2 s	18.4 s	55.8 s	18.4 s	55.8 s
	Reduced 4.76 mm (³ / ₁₆ in) x 19.05 mm (0.75 in)	Ø3 mm (0.12 in)	1.5 s	5.5 s	-	-	8.4 s	23 s	8.4 s	23 s	-	-	-	-
	Straight	Ø6 mm (0.24 in)	8.2 s	34.8 s	23.4 s	70.6 s	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ø	Straight	Ø6.35 mm (¼ in)	-	-	-	-	20.1 s	55.4 s	21.3 s	61.8 s	17.9 s	51.5 s	17.9 s	51.5 s
	Reduced 4.76 mm (³ / ₁₆ in) x 19.05 mm (0.75 in)	Ø3 mm (0.12 in)	1.8 s	6.2 s	-	-	8.8 s	24.1 s	8.8 s	24.1 s	-	-	-	-

1) If using a protection tube.

Response time for directly wired insert without transmitter.

Calibration

Calibration of thermometers

Calibration involves comparing the measured values of a device under test (DUT) with those of a more precise calibration standard using a defined and reproducible measurement method. The aim is to determine the deviation of the DUT's measured values from the true value of the measured variable. Two different methods are used for thermometers:

- Calibration at fixed-point temperatures, e.g. at the freezing point of water at 0 °C,
- Calibration compared against a precise reference thermometer.

The thermometer to be calibrated must display the fixed point temperature or the temperature of the reference thermometer as accurately as possible. Temperature-controlled calibration baths with very homogeneous thermal values, or special calibration furnaces into which the DUT and the reference thermometer, where necessary, can project to a sufficient degree, are typically used for thermometer calibrations.

The measurement uncertainty can increase due to heat dissipation errors and short immersion lengths. The existing measurement uncertainty is listed on the individual calibration certificate.

For accredited calibrations according to ISO17025, the measurement uncertainty shouldn't be twice as high as the accredited measurement uncertainty. If this is exceeded, only a factory calibration can be performed.

Evaluation of thermometers

If a calibration with an acceptable uncertainty of measurement and transferable measurement results is not possible, Endress+Hauser offers customers a thermometer evaluation measurement service, if technically feasible. This is the case when:

- The process connections/flanges are too big or the immersion length (IL) is too short to allow the DUT to be immersed sufficiently in the calibration bath or furnace (see the following table), or
- Due to heat conduction along the thermometer tube, the resulting sensor temperature generally deviates significantly from the actual bath/furnace temperature.

The measured value of the DUT is determined using the maximum possible immersion depth and the specific measuring conditions and measurement results are documented on an evaluation certificate.

Sensor transmitter matching

The resistance/temperature curve of platinum resistance thermometers is standardized but in practice it is rarely possible to keep to the values precisely over the entire operating temperature range. For this reason, platinum resistance sensors are divided into tolerance classes, such as Class A, AA or B as per IEC 60751. These tolerance classes describe the maximum permissible deviation of the specific sensor characteristic curve from the standard curve, i.e. the maximum temperature-dependent characteristic error that is permitted. The conversion of measured sensor resistance values to temperatures in temperature transmitters or other meter electronics is often susceptible to considerable errors as the conversion is generally based on the standard characteristic curve.

When using temperature transmitters from Endress+Hauser, this conversion error can be reduced significantly by sensor-transmitter matching:

- Calibration at three temperatures at least and determination of the actual temperature sensor characteristic curve,
- Adjustment of the sensor-specific polynomial function using Calendar-van Dusen (CvD) coefficients,
- Configuration of the temperature transmitter with the sensor-specific CvD coefficients for resistance/temperature conversion, and
- another calibration of the reconfigured temperature transmitter with connected resistance thermometer.

Endress+Hauser offers this kind of sensor-transmitter matching as a separate service. Furthermore, the sensor-specific polynomial coefficients of platinum resistance thermometers are always provided on every Endress+Hauser calibration certificate where possible, e.g. at least three calibration points, so that users themselves can also appropriately configure suitable temperature transmitters.

For the device, Endress+Hauser offers standard calibrations at a reference temperature of -20 to +500 °C (-4 to +932 °F) based on the ITS90 (International Temperature Scale). Calibrations in other temperature ranges are available from your Endress+Hauser sales center on request. Calibrations are traceable to national and international standards. The calibration certificate is referenced to the serial number of the device. Only the insert is calibrated.

Minimum insertion length (IL) for inserts required to perform a correct calibration

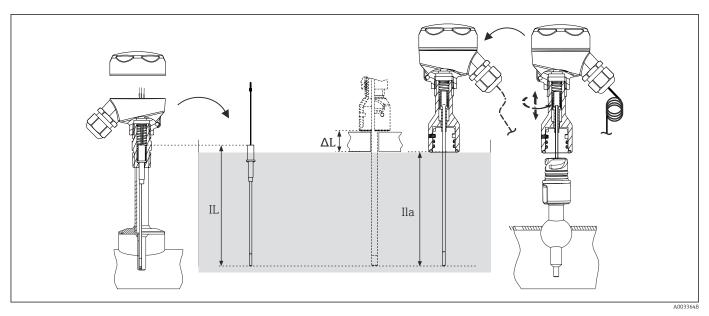
Due to restrictions of the bath geometries, minimum immersion lengths must be maintained at high temperatures in order to be able to perform a calibration with acceptable measurement uncertainty. The same applies when a temperature head transmitter is used. Due to the heat dissipation,

minimum immersion lengths must be maintained in order to ensure the functionality of the transmitter -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F).

Minimum insertion length (IL):

Calibration temperature	Minimum immersion length (IL)
−196 °C (−320.8 °F)	120 mm (4.72 in) ¹⁾
+80 to +250 °C (+112 to +482 °F)	No minimum immersion length needed
+251 to +550 °C (+483 to +1022 °F)	300 mm (11.8 in)
+551 to +600 °C (+1023 to +1112 °F)	400 mm (15.8 in)

1) with temperature head transmitter min. 150 mm (5.91 in) needed



- Insertion lengths for sensor calibration
- IL Insertion length for factory calibration or recalibration onsite without the iTHERM QuickNeck extension neck
- ILa Insertion length for recalibration onsite with the iTHERM QuickNeck extension neck
- $\Delta L \quad {\it Additional length, depending on the calibration unit, if the insert cannot be fully immersed}$
- To check the actual accuracy rating of the thermometers installed, a cyclic calibration of the
 installed sensor needs to be performed frequently. The insert is normally removed for comparison
 with a precise reference thermometer in the calibration bath (see graphic, left part).
 A reproducible calibration requires the insert to have a minimum insertion length IL. If the insert
 is shorter than this minimum length, this reproducibility cannot be guaranteed.
- The iTHERM QuickNeck enables quick, tool-free removal of the insert for calibration purposes. The entire upper part of the thermometer is released by turning the terminal head. The insert is removed from the protection tube and directly immersed into the calibration bath (see graphic, right part). Make sure that the cable is long enough to be able to reach the mobile calibration bath with the cable connected. If this is not possible for the calibration, it is advisable to use a connector. $\rightarrow \square 30$

Advantages of iTHERM QuickNeck:

- Considerable time savings when recalibrating the device (up to 20 minutes per measuring point)
- Wiring mistakes avoided when re-installing
- Minimum plant downtime, thereby saving costs

The minimum immersion length is the length of the insert that is fully immersed in the calibration bath. For a valid recalibration, the value selected for the length ILa must be at least the value of the previously defined minimum insertion lengths (IL) of the specific types of insert. For more detailed values, see the previous tables, values without head transmitter. If the calibration unit used does not allow the insert to be fully immersed as far as the bottom edge of the top part of the iTHERM QuickNeck, it might be necessary to add an additional length (Δ L) to ILa. $\rightarrow \cong 14$

Formulas for calculating the ILa when recalibrating onsite with iTHERM QuickNeck ¹⁾

Thermowell version	Formula
Protection tube diameter 6.35 mm ($\frac{1}{4}$ in)	
Protection tube diameter 9.53 mm ($\frac{3}{6}$ in)	ILa = U + T + 19.05 mm (0.75 in)
Protection tube diameter 12.7 mm ($\frac{1}{2}$ in)	

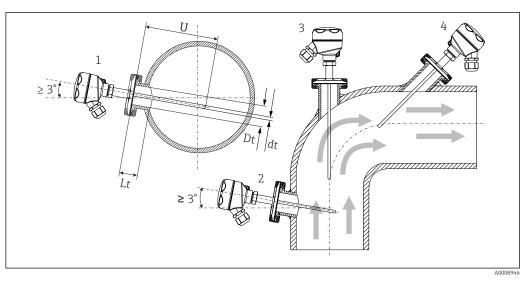
1) Spring load of the insert ½ in

Insulation resistance Insulation resistance $\geq 100 \text{ M}\Omega$ at ambient temperature, measured between the terminals and the outer jacket with a minimum voltage of 100 V_{DC} .

Installation

Orientation	No restrictions. However, self-draining in the process must be guaranteed. If there is an opening to detect leaks at the process connection, this opening must be at the lowest possible point.
Installation instructions	The immersion length of the thermometer can influence the accuracy. If the immersion length is too small then errors in the measurement are caused by heat conduction via the process connection and the container wall. If installing into a pipe then the immersion length should ideally be half of the pipe diameter.
	 Installation possibilities: Pipes, tanks or other plant components To minimize the error caused by heat conduction, a minimum immersion length is recommended depending on the type of sensor used and the design of the insert. This immersion depth

- corresponds to the minimum insertion length for the calibration. \rightarrow 🖺 14
- ATEX certification: Observe the installation instructions in the Ex documentation! \rightarrow \cong 38



8 Installation examples

1, 2 Perpendicular to flow direction, installed at a minimum angle of 3° to ensure self-draining

3 On elbows

- 4 Inclined installation in pipes with a small nominal diameter
- U Immersion length

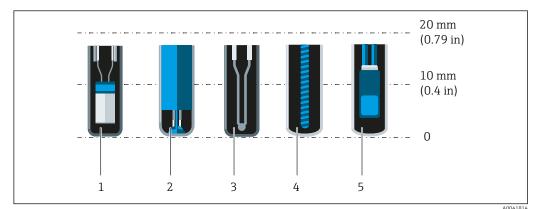
The requirements of the EHEDG and the 3-A Sanitary Standard must be adhered to.

Installation instructions EHEDG/cleanability: $Lt \leq (Dt-dt)$

Installation instructions 3-A/cleanability: Lt ≤ 2 (Dt-dt)

In the case of pipes with a small nominal diameter, it is advisable for the tip of the thermometer to project well into the process so that it extends past the pipe axis. Installation at an angle (4) could be another solution. When determining the immersion length or installation depth all the parameters of the thermometer and of the medium to be measured must be taken into account (e.g. flow velocity, process pressure).

Pay attention to the exact position of the sensor element in the thermometer tip.



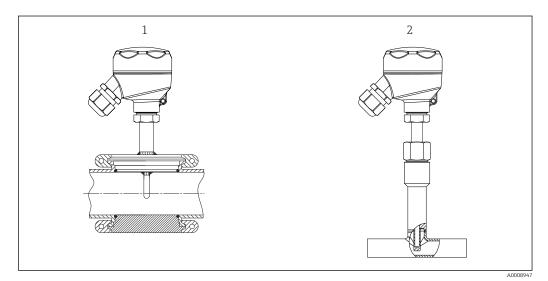
- 1 StrongSens or TrustSens at 5 to 7 mm (0.2 to 0.28 in)
- 2 QuickSens at 0.5 to 1.5 mm (0.02 to 0.06 in)
- 3 Thermocouple (not grounded) at 3 to 5 mm (0.12 to 0.2 in)
- 4 Wire wound sensor at 5 to 20 mm (0.2 to 0.79 in)
- 5 Standard thin-film sensor at 5 to 10 mm (0.2 to 0.39 in)

To keep the influence of heat dissipation to a minimum and to achieve the best possible measurement results, 20 to 25 mm (0.79 to 0.98 in) should be in contact with the medium in addition to the actual sensor element.

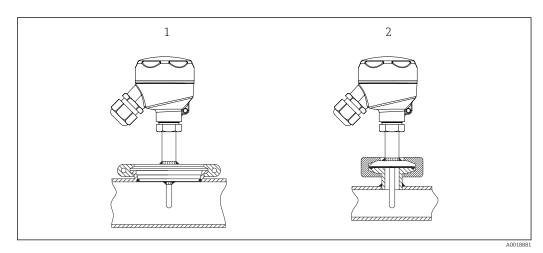
This results in the following recommended minimum immersion lengths

- TrustSens or StrongSens 30 mm (1.18 in)
- QuickSens 25 mm (0.98 in)
- Wire wound sensor 45 mm (1.77 in)
- Standard thin-film sensor 35 mm (1.38 in)

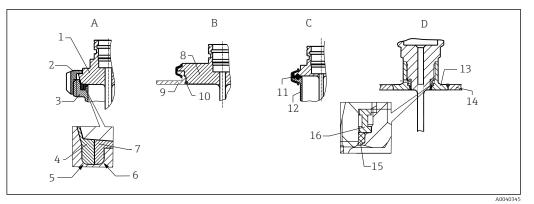
It is particularly important to take this into consideration for T-pieces, as the immersion length is very short on account of their design, and the measured error is higher as a result. It is therefore recommended to use elbow pieces with QuickSens sensors.



- Process connections for thermometer installation in pipes with small nominal diameters
- 1 Varivent[®] process connection type N for DN40
- 2 Tee or elbow thermowell (illustrated) for weld-in as per DIN 11865 / ASME BPE



- 🗉 10 Process connections for thermometer installation in pipes with small nominal diameters
- 1 Varivent[®] process connection D = 50 mm for DN25 pipes
- 2 Clamp or micro-clamp



- 11 Detailed installation instructions for hygiene-compliant installation
- A Milk pipe connection according to DIN 11851, only in connection with EHEDG certified and self-centering sealing ring
- 1 Sensor with milk pipe connection
- 2 Groove slip-on nut
- 3 Counterpart connection
- 4 Centering ring
- 5 RO.4
- 6 RO.4 7 Sealind
- 7 Sealing ring
 B Varivent[®] process connection for VARINLINE[®] housing
- 8 Sensor with Varivent connection
- 9 Counterpart connection
- 10 O-ring
- *C Clamp according to ISO 2852*
- 11 Molded seal
- 12 Counterpart connection
- D Process connection Liquiphant-M G1", horizontal installation
- 13 Weld-in adapter
- 14 Vessel wall
- 15 O-ring
- 16 Thrust collar

NOTICE

The following actions must be taken if a sealing ring (O-ring) or seal fails:

- ► The thermometer must be removed.
- The thread and the O-ring joint/sealing surface must be cleaned.
- The sealing ring or seal must be replaced.
- CIP must be performed after installation.

In the case of weld-in connections, exercise the necessary degree of care when performing the welding work on the process side:

1. Use suitable welding material.

- **2.** Flush-weld or weld with welding radius \geq 3.2 mm (0.13 in).
- 3. Avoid crevices, folds or gaps.
- **4**. Ensure the surface is honed and polished, $Ra \le 0.76 \ \mu m \ (30 \ \mu in)$.

Pay attention to the following when installing the thermometer to ensure that the cleanability is not affected:

- 1. The installed sensor is suitable for CIP (cleaning in place). Cleaning is performed together with the pipe or tank. In the case of internal tank fixtures using process connection nozzles, it is important to ensure that the cleaning assembly directly sprays this area so that it is cleaned properly.
- 2. The Varivent[®] couplings enable flush-mount installation.

Ambient temperature range	Terminal head	Temperature in °C (°F)				
	Without mounted head transmitter	Depends on the terminal head used and the cable gland or fieldbus connector, see Terminal heads' section $\rightarrow \cong 26$				
	With mounted head transmitter	–40 to 85 °C (–40 to 185 °F) SIL mode (HART 7 transmitter): –40 to 70 °C (–40 to 158 °F)				
	With mounted head transmitter and display	−20 to 70 °C (−4 to 158 °F)				
	With mounted field transmitter	 Without display: -40 to 85 °C (-40 to 185 °F) With display: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F) SIL mode: -40 to +75 °C (-40 to +167 °F) 				
	Extension neck	Temperature in °C (°F)				
	iTHERM QuickNeck	-50 to +140 °C (-58 to +284 °F)				
Storage temperature	For information, see the ambie	ent temperature.				
Humidity	Depends on the transmitter used. If Endress+Hauser iTEMP head transmitters are used: • Condensation permitted as per IEC 60 068-2-33 • Maximum relative humidity: 95% as per IEC 60068-2-30					
Climate class	As per EN 60654-1, Class C					
Degree of protection	Max. IP69K, depending on the	e design (terminal head, connector, etc.)				
Shock and vibration resistance	The Endress+Hauser inserts meet the requirements of IEC 60751 which specify shock and vibration resistance of 3g in the range from 10 to 500 Hz. The vibration resistance at the measuring point depends on the sensor type and design, see the following table:					
	Version	Vibration resistance for the sensor tip				
	Pt100 (WW or TF)	30 m/s² (3g) ¹⁾				
	iTHERM StrongSens Pt100 (TF) iTHERM QuickSens Pt100 (TF), v	Persion: $Ø6 \text{ mm} (0.24 \text{ in})$ > 600 m/s ² (60g)				
	1) Vibration resistance also applies for the quick-fastening iTHERM QuickNeck.					
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	Depends on the head transmitter used. For details see the Technical Information. $\rightarrow \square$ 38					
	Process					

Depends on the type of sensor used, maximum -200 to +600 °C (-328 to +1112 °F).

The maximum possible process pressure depends on various influencing factors, such as the design,

It is possible to check the mechanical loading capacity as a function of the installation and

process conditions online in the Thermowell (TW) Sizing Module for protection tubes in the

process connection and process temperature. For information on the maximum possible process pressures for the individual process connections, see the Process connection' section. $\rightarrow \cong 31$

Thermal shock resistance in CIP/SIP process with a temperature increase from

Endress+Hauser Applicator software. See 'Accessories' section.

+5 to +130 °C (+41 to +266 °F) within 2 seconds.

-

Environment

Endress+Hauser

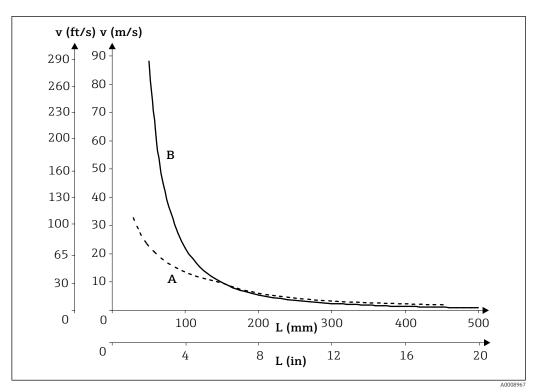
Process temperature range

Process pressure range

Thermal shock

Example of the permitted flow velocity depending on the immersion length and process medium

The highest flow velocity tolerated by the thermometer diminishes with increasing insert immersion length exposed to the stream of the fluid. In addition it is dependent on the diameter of the thermometer tip, on the kind of measuring medium, on the process temperature and on the process pressure. The following figures exemplify the maximum permitted flow velocities in water and superheated steam at a process pressure of 40 bar (580 PSI).



■ 12 Permitted flow velocities, protection tube diameter 9.53 mm (3/8 in)

A Medium water at $T = 50 \degree C (122 \degree F)$

- *B* Medium superheated steam at $T = 400 \degree C (752 \degree F)$
- L Immersion length exposed to flow
- v Flow velocity

Medium - state of aggregation

Gaseous or liquid (also with high viscosity, e.g. yogurt).

Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

All dimensions in mm (in). The design of the thermometer depends on the protection tube version used:

• Thermometer without protection tube - for installation in an existing protection tube

- Diameter 6.35 mm (¹/₄ in)
- Diameter 9.53 mm (³/₈ in)
- Diameter 12.7 mm (¹/₂ in)

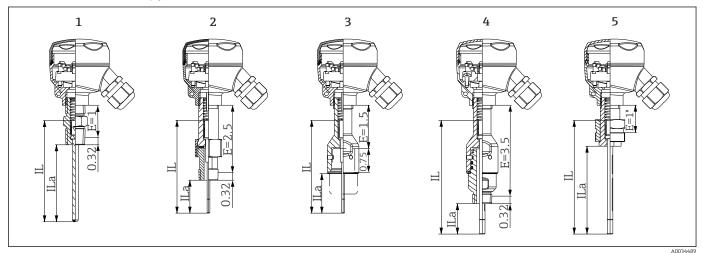
Yarious dimensions, such as the immersion length U for example, are variable values and are therefore indicated as items in the following dimensional drawings.

Variable dimensions:

Item	Description
E	Extension neck length, variable depending on the configuration or predefined for the version with iTHERM QuickNeck
ILa	Insertion length
L	Protection tube length (U+T)
В	Protection tube base thickness: predefined, depends on protection tube version (see also the individual table data)
Т	Length of protection tube shaft: variable or predefined, depends on protection tube version (see also the individual table data)
U	Immersion length: variable, depending on the configuration
ØID	Insert diameter 6 mm (0.24 in), 3 mm (0.12 in) or 6.35 mm (¹ / ₄ in)

Without protection tube

For installation in an existing protection tube (all dimensions in inch)



- 1 Thermometer with extension hex nipple, for connection thread ½" NPT
- 2 Thermometer with extension nipple union nipple (NUN), for connection thread ¹/₂" NPT
- 3 Thermometer with quick-fastening iTHERM QuickNeck, upper part
- 4 Thermometer with quick-fastening iTHERM QuickNeck complete, for connection thread ½" NPT
- 5 Thermometer with 1¹/₄" x 18 UNEF thread
- IL Insert length
- ILa Insertion length (insert length below nipple)
- *E* Length of the extension neck available at point of installation (provided one is available)

The spring travel of the insert is ½".

Pay attention to the following equations when calculating the insert length ILa for immersion into a protection tube TT412 already available:

Version 1, 2, 4 and 5	ILa = U + T +38.1 mm (1.5 in) ¹⁾
Version 3	ILa = U + T +19.05 mm (0.75 in) ^{1}

1) ILa = Insertion length (insert length below nipple); U = Protection tube immersion length; T = Protection tube shaft length

Pay attention to the following equations when calculating for a replaceable insert:

	IL = U + T + E +38.1 mm $(1.5 \text{ in})^{-1}$
Version 1, 2, 4 and 5	$IL = ILa + E^{2}$
Version 3	IL = ILa +19.05 mm (0.75 in) + E^{2}

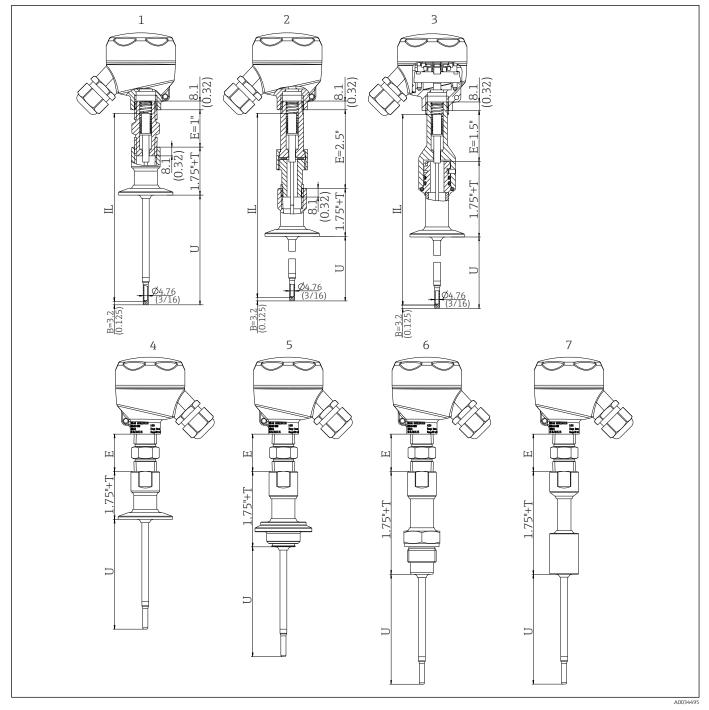
1) IL = Insert length; U = Protection tube immersion length; T = Protection tube shaft length; E = Length of the extension neck

2) IL = Insert length; ILa = insertion length (insert length below nipple); E = Length of the extension neck

The iTHERM TS212 insert is available as a spare part. The insert length (IL) depends on the immersion length of the protection tube (U), the length of the extension neck (E) and the length of the protection tube shaft (T). The insertion length (IL) must be taken into consideration when replacing the unit.

This can be calculated by means of the following formula: IL = U + T + E + 38.1 mm (1.5 in)

With protection tube (1/4", 3/8", 1/2")



Protection tube with neck connection NPT ½" and various process connection versions: 🖻 13

- 1 Thermometer with extension hex nipple and Tri-clamp process connection
- Thermometer with extension nipple union nipple (NUN) and Tri-clamp process connection 2
- Thermometer with quick-fastening iTHERM QuickNeck and Tri-clamp process connection Thermometer with extension hex nipple and Tri-clamp process connection 3
- 4
- Thermometer with extension hex nipple and Varivent® process connection 5
- 6 Thermometer with extension hex nipple and Liquiphant adapter
- Thermometer with cylindrical weld-in adapter 7
- IL Insert length
- Protection tube immersion length U

- *E* Length of the extension neck available at point of installation (provided one is available)
- *T* Protection tube shaft length
- B Base thickness

•	For diameter ½" not available: Tri-clamp 3/4"	

Item	Version	Length
Length of protection tube shaft T ¹⁾	Version 1, 2, 4: Tri-clamp with NPT Version 3: Tri-clamp with QuickNeck Version 5: Varivent [®] with NPT Version 5: Varivent [®] with QuickNeck Version 6: Thread ISO 228 for Liquiphant, with NPT Version 6: Thread ISO 228 for Liquiphant, with QuickNeck Version 7: Cylindrical weld-in with NPT Version 7: Cylindrical weld-in with QuickNeck	0-6" 1-6" 1-6" 1.5-6" 2-6" 2-6" 2-6" 2-6"
Immersion length U	Independent of the version	Variable, depending on the configuration
Base thickness B	6.35 mm ($\frac{1}{4}$ in) Protection tube: Reduced tip Ø4.76 mm ($\frac{3}{16}$ in)	3.2 mm (0.125 in)
	9.53 mm ($\frac{3}{6}$ in) Protection tube: Reduced tip Ø4.76 mm ($\frac{3}{16}$ in) Straight tip	3.2 mm (0.125 in) 3 mm (0.12 in)
	12.7 mm (½ in) Protection tube: Reduced tip Ø4.76 mm (¾ ₁₆ in) Straight tip	3.2 mm (0.125 in) 6.3 mm (0.25 in)
Extension neck length E	Version 1: Thermometer with extension hex nipple and Tri-clamp process connection	E = 25.4 mm (1 in)
	Version 2: Thermometer with extension nipple union nipple (NUN) and Tri-clamp process connection	E = 63.5 mm (2.5 in)
	Version 3: Thermometer with quick-fastening iTHERM QuickNeck and Tri-clamp process connection	E = 38.1 mm (1.5 in)

1) Depends on the process connection

Insert

Depending on the application, iTHERM TS212 inserts with different RTD sensors are available for the thermometer:

Sensor	Standard thin-film		iTHERM StrongSens	iTHERM QuickSens ¹⁾		Wire wound	
Sensor design; connection method	1x Pt100, 3- or 4- wire, PTFE insulated	2x Pt100, 2x3- wire, PTFE insulated	1x Pt100, 3- or 4-wire, mineral insulated	1x Pt100, 3- or 4-wire, mineral insulated	1x Pt100, 3- or 4- wire, PTFE insulated	1x Pt100, 3- or 4-wire, mineral insulated	2x Pt100, 2x3-wire, mineral insulated
Vibration resistance of the insert tip	Up to 3g		Enhanced vibration resistance > 60g	> 60g	Зg	Up t	o 3g

Measuring range; accuracy class	–50 to +200 °C (–58 to +392 °F), Class A or B	-50 to +500 °C (-58 to +932 °F), Class A or AA		58 to +392 °F), Class or AA	−200 to +600 °C (−328 to +1 112 °F), Class A or AA
Diameter	6.35 mm (¼ in)	6 mm (0.24 in)	6 mm (0.24 in)	3 mm (0.12 in)	6.35 mm (¼ in); 3 mm (0.12 in)

1) Recommended for immersion lengths U < 70 mm (2.75 in)

For more information on the deployed insert iTHERM TS212 with enhanced vibration resistance and fast-response sensor, see the Technical Information.

Spare parts currently available for your product can be found online at: http://www.products.endress.com/spareparts_consumables, product root: TM412. Always quote the serial number of the device when ordering spare parts! The insertion length IL is automatically calculated using the serial number.

Weight Depending on the configuration

Material

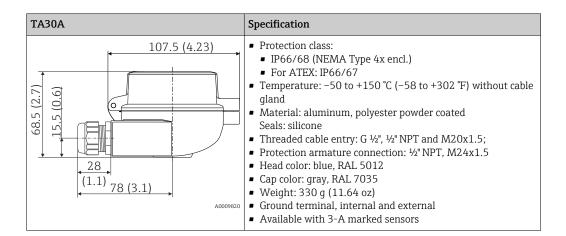
Extension neck and thermowell, insert, process connection.

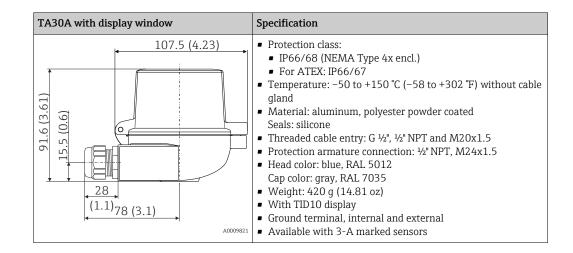
The temperatures for continuous operation specified in the following table are only intended as reference values for use of the various materials in air and without any significant compressive load. The maximum operating temperatures can be reduced considerably in cases where abnormal conditions such as high mechanical load occur or in aggressive media.

Designation	Recommended max. temperature for continuous use in air	Properties
AISI 316L	650 °C (1202 °F) ¹⁾	 Austenitic, stainless steel High corrosion resistance in general Particularly high corrosion resistance in chlorine- based and acidic, non-oxidizing atmospheres through the addition of molybdenum (e.g. phosphoric and sulfuric acids, acetic and tartaric acids with a low concentration) Increased resistance to intergranular corrosion and pitting The wetted part from a 316L thermowell withstand a passivation process with a 3% sulphuric acid Available with 3-A marked sensors

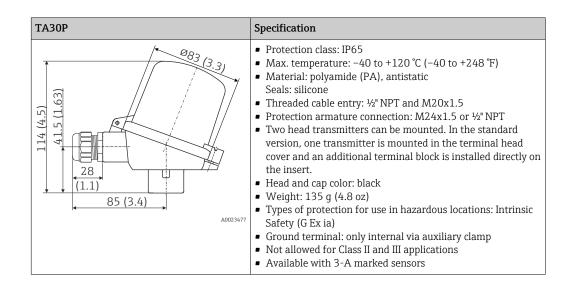
1) Can be used to a limited extent up to 800 °C (1472 °F) for low compressive loads and in non-corrosive media. Contact your Endress+Hauser sales team for further information.

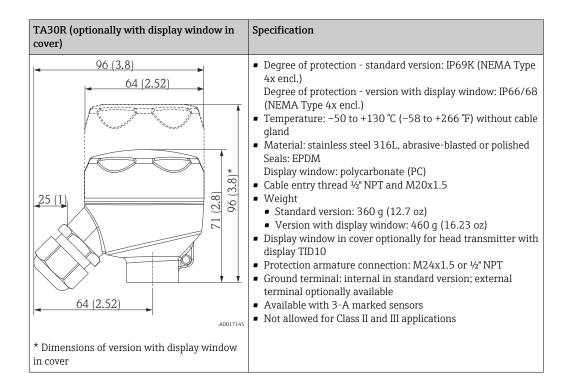
Surface roughness	Values for wetted surfaces:						
	Standard surface, mechanically polished ¹⁾	$R_a \le 0.76 \ \mu m (30 \ \mu in)$					
	Mechanically polished ¹⁾ , buffed ²⁾	R _a ≤ 0.38 μm (15 μin)					
	Mechanically polished ¹⁾ , buffed and electropolished	$R_a \le 0.38 \ \mu m \ (15 \ \mu in)$ + electropolished					
	 Or equivalent treatment that guarantees R_a max Not compliant with ASME BPE 						
Terminal heads	All terminal heads have an internal shape and size in accordance with DIN EN 50446, flat face and a thermometer connection with a $\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT thread. All dimensions in mm (in). The sample cable glands in the diagrams correspond to M20x1.5 connections with non-Ex polyamide cable glands. Specifications without head transmitter installed. For ambient temperatures with head transmitter installed, see the 'Environment' section. $\rightarrow \cong 20$						
	As a special feature, Endress+Hauser offers terminal heads with optimized terminal accessibility for easy installation and maintenance.						

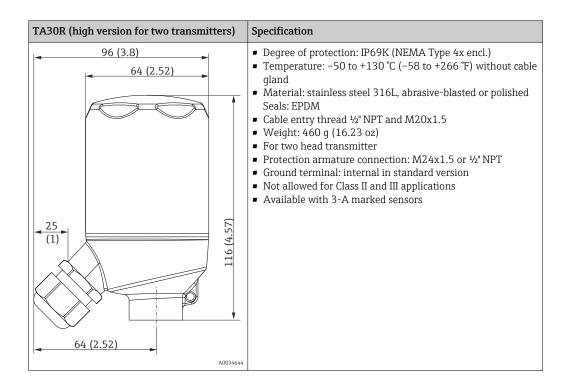


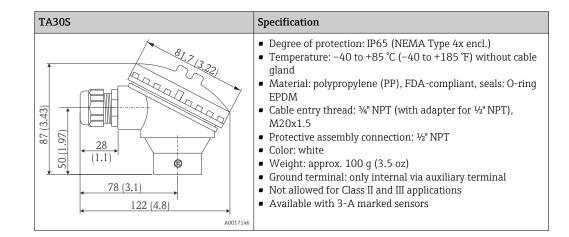


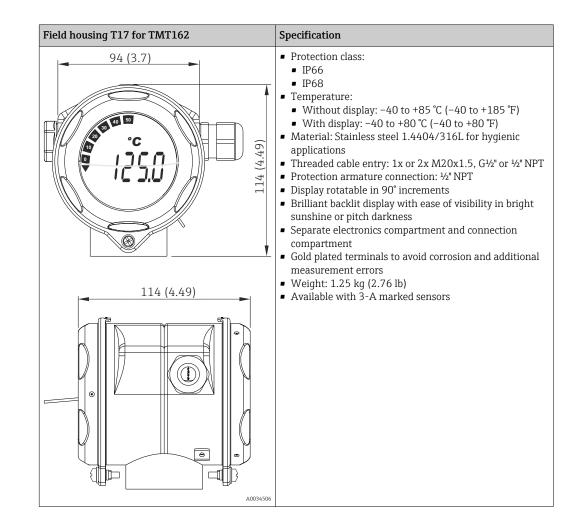
TA30D	Specification
107.5 (4.23) (67) 01 (7) 01	 Protection class: IP66/68 (NEMA Type 4x encl.) For ATEX: IP66/67 Temperature: -50 to +150 °C (-58 to +302 °F) without cable gland Material: aluminum, polyester powder coated Seals: silicone Threaded cable entry: G ¹/₂", ¹/₄" NPT and M20x1.5 Protection armature connection: ¹/₂" NPT, M24x1.5 Two head transmitters can be mounted. In the standard version, one transmitter is mounted in the terminal head cover and an additional terminal block is installed directly on the insert. Head color: blue, RAL 5012 Cap color: gray, RAL 7035 Weight: 390 g (13.75 oz) Ground terminal, internal and external Available with 3-A marked sensors











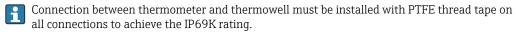
Cable glands and fieldbus connectors

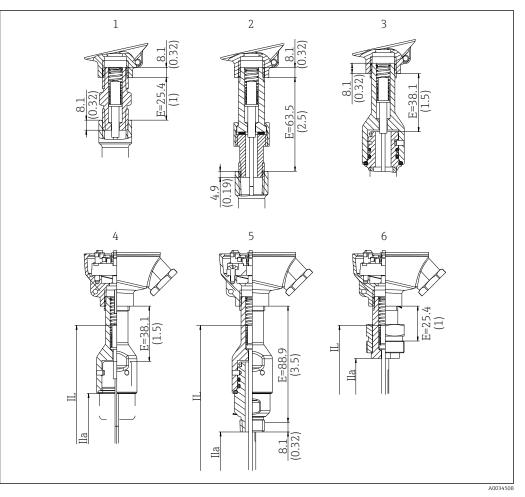
Туре	Suitable for cable entry	Degree of protection	Temperature range
Cable gland, polyamide	¹ ⁄2" NPT, ³ ⁄4" NPT, M20x1.5 (optionally 2x cable entry)	IP68	-40 to +100 °C (-40 to +212 °F)
	½" NPT, M20x1.5	ІР69К	−20 to +95 °C (−4 to +203 °F)
Cable gland for dust ignition-proof area, polyamide	¹ ⁄2" NPT, M20x1.5 (optionally 2x cable entry)	IP68	-20 to +95 °C (-4 to +203 °F)
Fieldbus connector (M12x1 PA, 7/8" PA, FF)	½" NPT, M20x1.5	IP67, NEMA Type 6	-40 to +105 °C (-40 to +221 °F)
Fieldbus connector (M12, 8-pin)	M20x1.5	IP67	−30 to +90 °C (−22 to +194 °F)

Extension neck

Standard version of extension neck, or optionally with the quick-fastening iTHERM QuickNeck.

- iTHERM QuickNeck tool-free removal of the insert:
 - Saves time/costs on frequently calibrated measuring points
 - Wiring mistakes avoided
- IP69K protection: safety under extreme process conditions





🖻 14 Dimensions of extension neck, different versions, each with NPT ½" thread to the terminal head

- 1 Extension hex nipple
- 2 Extension nipple union nipple (NUN)
- 3 Quick-fastening iTHERM QuickNeck
- 4 Quick-fastening iTHERM QuickNeck upper part, for installation in an existing thermowell with iTHERM QuickNeck
- 5 Quick-fastening iTHERM QuickNeck complete, for mounting in existing thermowell with NPT ½" connection
- 6 1¹/₄" x 18 UNEF thread, for mounting in existing protection tube
- IL Insert length
- *ILa Insertion length(insert length below nipple)*
- *E* Length of the extension neck available at point of installation (provided one is available)

Process connections All dimensions in mm (in).

For welding in

Туре	Version	Dimensions	Technical properties
Weld-in adapter	Cylindrical ½" NPS	\emptyset d = $\frac{1}{2}$ " NPS, h = 38.1 mm (1.5 in), U = immersion length from lower edge, T = min. 50.8 mm (2 in)	
44.45 + T	Cylindrical ¾" NPS	\emptyset d = ¾" NPS, h = 38.1 mm (1.5 in), U = immersion length from lower edge, T = min. 50.8 mm (2 in)	 P_{max.} depends on the weld-in process With 3-A symbol and EHEDG certification
	Cylindrical 1" NPS	Ød = 1" NPS, h = 38.1 mm (1.5 in), U = immersion length from lower edge, T = min. 50.8 mm (2 in)	 ASME BPE compliance
A0033743			

Releasable process connection

Туре	Version	Dime	nsions	Technical properties	Conformity
Туре	Ød: 1)	ØD	Øa	reclinical properties	Comornity
	Tri-clamp ¾" (DN18), Form A ²⁾	25 mm (0.98 in)	-	• P _{max.} = 16 bar (232 psi),	ASME BPE type A
	Clamp ISO 2852 ½" (DN12 - 21.3) Form B	34 mm (1.34 in)	16 to 25.3 mm (0.63 to 0. 99 in)	depends on clamp ring and suitable seal • 3-A marked	ISO 2852
	Tri-clamp 1" - 1½" (DN25 - 38) Form B	50.5 mm (1.99 in)	29 to 42.4 mm (1.14 to 1. 67 in)		
2.16±0.1	Tri-clamp 2" (DN40 - 51) Form B	64 mm (2.52 in)	44.8 to 55. 8 mm (1.76 to 2. 2 in)	 P_{max.} = 16 bar (232 psi), depends on clamp ring and suitable seal 3-A marked and EHEDG 	
Form A	Tri-clamp 2½" (DN63.5) Form B	77.5 mm (3.05 in)	68.9 to 75. 8 mm (2.71 to 2. 98 in)	 certified (combined with Combifit seal) Can be used with 'Novaseptic Connect (NA Connect)' which enables fulsh-mount 	ASME BPE type B
Form B Form A: In compliance with ASME BPE Type A	Tri-clamp 3" (DN70-76. 5) Form B	91 mm (3.58 in)	> 75.8 mm (2.98 in)	installation	
Form B: In compliance with ASME BPE Type B and ISO 2852					

1)

Pipes in accordance with ISO 2037 and BS 4825 Part 1 Tri-clamp 34" only possible with protection tube diameter 6.35 mm (1/4 in) or 9.53 mm (3/8 in) 2)

			Dimensions		
Туре	Version G	L1 thread length	А	1 (SW/AF)	Technical properties
Thread according to ISO 228 (for Liquiphant weld-in adapter)	G¾" for FTL20 adapter	16 mm	25.5 mm (1 in)	32	 P_{max.} = 25 bar (362 psi) at max. 150 °C (302 °F) P_{max.} = 40 bar (580 psi) at max. 100 °C (212 °F)
G L1 A	G¾" for FTL50 adapter	(0.63 in)			 In connection with FTL31/33/50 adapter, see TI00426F for details about 3-A conformity and EHEDG
A0009572	G1" for FTL50 adapter	18.6 mm (0.73 in)	29.5 mm (1.16 in)	41	tested O-ring • Minimum extension neck lengths: ≥ 76.2 mm (3 in)

Time	Version	Dimensions				Technical properties	
Туре	Version	ØD	ØA	ØB	h	P _{max.}	
Varivent®	Туре В	31 mm (1.22 in)	105 mm (4.13 in)	-	22 mm (0.87 in)		
	Type F	50 mm (1.97 in)	145 mm (5.71 in)	135 mm (5.31 in)	24 mm (0.95 in)	10 bar	 3-A marked and EHEDG
	Type N	68 mm (2.67 in)	165 mm (6.5 in)	155 mm (6.1 in)	24.5 mm (0.96 in)	(145 psi)	certified ASME BPE compliance
A0021307							
The VARINLINE [®] housing connection flange is suitable for weld-in into the conical or torispherical head in tanks or containers with a small diameter (≤ 1.6 m (5.25 ft)) and up to a wall thickness of 8 mm (0.31 in).							

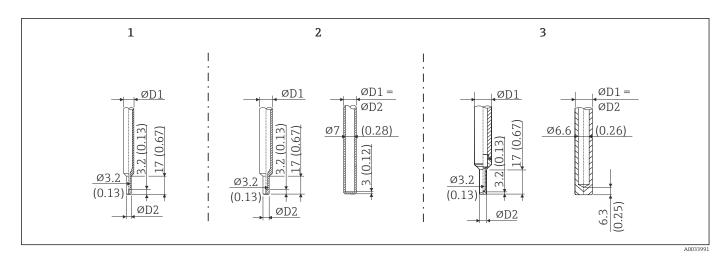
Туре				Technical properties
Varivent [®] for VARINLINE [®] ho				
	 3-A marked and EHEDG certified ASME BPE compliance 			
Wanalan		Dimensions		n
Version	ØD	Øi	Øa	- P _{max.}
		OD 1 ¹ /2": 34.9 mm (1.37 in)	OD 1½": 38.1 mm (1.5 in)	
Type N, according to DIN 11866, series C	68 mm (2.67 in)	OD 2": 47.2 mm (1.86 in)	OD 2": 50.8 mm (2 in)	OD 1½" to OD 2½": 16 bar (232 psi)
	OD 2½": 60.2 mm (2.37 in) OD 2½": 63.5 mm (2.5 in)			
Type N, according to DIN	(0,	OD 3": 73 mm (2.87 in)	OD 3": 76.2 mm (3 in)	OD 2 + OD (+ 10 h - 1/1 + 0)
11866, series C	68 mm (2.67 in)	OD 4": 97.6 mm (3.84 in)	OD 4": 101.6 mm (4 in)	OD 3" to OD 4": 10 bar (145 psi)
Type F, according to DIN 11866, series C	50 mm (1.97 in)	OD 1": 22.2 mm (0.87 in)	OD 1": 25.4 mm (1 in)	16 bar (232 psi)

Due to the small immersion length U, the use of iTHERM QuickSens inserts is recommended.

Tip shape

The thermal response time, the reduction of the flow cross-section and the mechanical load that occurs in the process are the criteria that matter when selecting the shape of the tip. Advantages of using reduced thermometer tips:

- A smaller tip shape has less impact on the flow characteristics of the pipe carrying the medium.
- The flow characteristics are optimized, thereby increasing the stability of the protection tube.
 Endress+Hauser offers users a range of protection tube tips to meet every requirement:
 Straight tip
 - Reduced tip with ϕ 4.76 mm ($\frac{3}{16}$ in): walls of lower thickness significantly reduce the response times of the overall measuring point



E 15 Protection tube tips available (reduced or straight)

Item No.	Protection tube (ØD1)	Tip (ØD2)	Insert (ØID)
1	¢6.35 mm (¼ in)	Reduced tip with ϕ 4.76 mm ($\frac{3}{16}$ in)	Ø3 mm (0.12 in)
2	Ø9.53 mm (兆 in)	 Reduced tip with \$\phi4.76 mm (\frac{3}{16} in)\$ Straight tip 	 \$\phi_3\$ mm (0.12 in) \$\phi_6.35 mm (\frac{1}{4} in) or 6 mm (0.24 in)
3	Ø12.7 mm (½ in)	 Reduced tip with \$\phi4.76 mm (\frac{3}{16} in)\$ Straight tip 	 \$\phi_3\$ mm (0.12 in) \$\phi_6.35 mm (\frac{1}{4} in) or 6 mm (0.24 in)

It is possible to check the mechanical loading capacity as a function of the installation and process conditions online in the TW Sizing Module for protection tubes in the Endress+Hauser Applicator software. See 'Accessories' section. → 🗎 36

Certificates and approvals

Current certificates and approvals for the product are available via the Product Configurator at www.endress.com.

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.

The **Configuration** button opens the Product Configurator.

Hygiene standard	 EHEDG certification, type EL CLASS I. EHEDG certified/tested process connections. → 31 3-A Authorization No. 1144, 3-A Sanitary Standard 74-06. Listed process connections. → 31 ASME BPE, Declaration of Conformity, can be ordered for options indicated FDA-compliant All surfaces in contact with the medium are free from materials derived from bovine animals or other livestock (ADI/TSE)
Materials in contact with food/product (FCM)	 The materials of the thermometer in contact with food/product (FCM) comply with the following European regulations: (EC) No. 1935/2004, Article 3, paragraph 1, Articles 5 and 17 on materials and articles intended to come into contact with food. (EC) No. 2023/2006 on good manufacturing practice for materials and articles intended to come into contact with food. (EU) No. 10/2011 on plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with food.

Material resistance	Material resistance - including resistance of housing - to the following Ecolab cleaning/disinfection agents: P3-topax 66 P3-topactive 200 P3-topactive 500 P3-topactive 0KTO And demineralized water			
CRN approval	The CRN approval is only available for certain thermowell versions. These versions are identified and displayed accordingly during the configuration of the device. Detailed ordering information is available for your nearest sales organization www.addresses.endress.com or in the Download Area under www.endress.com :			
	1. Select the country			
	2. Select Downloads			
	3. In the search area: select Approvals/approval type			
	4. Enter the product code or device			
	5. Start the search			
Surface purity	Free from oil and grease, optional			
Protection tube testing and load capacity calculation	 Protection tube pressure tests are carried out in accordance with the specifications in DIN 43772. With regard to protection tubes with reduced tip that do not comply with this standard, these are tested using the pressure of corresponding straight protection tubes. Tests according to other specifications can be carried out on request. The liquid penetration test verifies that there are no cracks in the welded seams of the protection tube. PMI test, dye penetration test, TW welding, internal hydrostatic pressure, etc. each with inspectior certificate Load capacity calculation for the protection tube as per DIN43772 			

Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available for your nearest sales organization www.addresses.endress.com or in the Product Configurator under www.endress.com :

- 1. Click Corporate
- 2. Select the country
- 3. Click Products
- 4. Select the product using the filters and search field
- 5. Open the product page

The Configuration button to the right of the product image opens the Product Configurator.

Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

• Up-to-the-minute configuration data

- Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

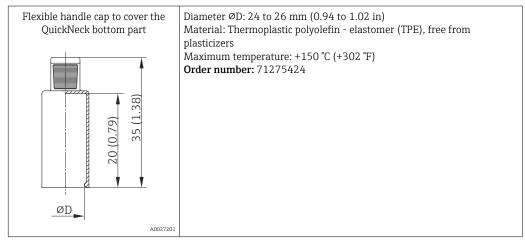
Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

Device-specific accessories

Weld-in adapter	A0008246	A0008251	A0008256	A0011924	A0008248	A0008253
	G ¾", d=29 for pipe-mounting	G ¾", d=50 for vessel-mounting	G ¾", d=55 with flange	G 1", d=53 without flange	G 1", d=60 with flange	G 1" adjustable
Material	316L (1.4435)	316L (1.4435)	316L (1.4435)	316L (1.4435)	316L (1.4435)	316L (1.4435)
Roughness µm (µin) process side	≤1.5 (59.1)	≤0.8 (31.5)	≤0.8 (31.5)	≤0.8 (31.5)	≤0.8 (31.5)	≤0.8 (31.5)

- For more information about order codes and hygienic compliance of the adapters and spare parts, see Technical Information (TI00426F).
- Maximum process pressure for the weld-in adapters:
 - 25 bar (362 PSI) at maximum 150 °C (302 °F)
 - 40 bar (580 PSI) at maximum 100 $^\circ C$ (212 $^\circ F)$



Communication-specific accessories	Configuration kit TXU10	Configuration kit for PC-programmable transmitter with setup software and interface cable for PC with USB port Order code: TXU10-xx
	Commubox FXA195 HART	For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB interface. For details, see Technical Information TI00404F

Wireless HART adapter SWA70	Is used for the wireless connection of field devices. The WirelessHART adapter can be easily integrated into field devices and existing infrastructures, offers data protection and transmission safety and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks with minimum cabling complexity. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00061S
Fieldgate FXA42	Gateway for remote monitoring of connected 4 to 20 mA analog as well as digital field devices. For details, see Technical Information TI01297S and Brief Operating Instructions KA01246S
Field Xpert SMT70	The Field Xpert SMT70 is an out-of-the box tablet PC for universal device configuration that has pre-installed devices libraries. It supports devices with protocols such as HART, PROFIBUS DP/PA, FOUNDATION Fieldbus, Modbus, and Endress+Hauser service protocols.

Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Applicator	 Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices: Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum measuring device: e.g. pressure loss, accuracy or process connections. Graphic illustration of the calculation results
	Administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.
	Applicator is available:Via the Internet: https://portal.endress.com/webapp/applicatorOn CD-ROM for local PC installation.

Configurator	 Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration Up-to-the-minute configuration data Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language Automatic verification of exclusion criteria Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop
	The Configurator is available on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com -> Click "Corporate" -> Select country -> Click "Products" -> Select the product using the filters and search field -> Open product page -> The "Configure" button to the right of the product image opens the Product Configurator.

W@M	Life cycle management for your plant W@M supports with a wide range of software applications over the entire process: from planning and procurement, to the installation, commissioning and operation of the measuring devices. All the relevant device information, such as the device status, spare parts and device-specific documentation, is available for every device over the entire life cycle. The application already contains the data of your Endress+Hauser device. Endress +Hauser also takes care of maintaining and updating the data records.
	W@M is available:Via the Internet: www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagementOn CD-ROM for local PC installation.

	FieldCare SFE500	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00065S
	DeviceCare SFE100	Configuration tool for devices via fieldbus protocols and Endress+Hauser service protocols. DeviceCare is the tool developed by Endress+Hauser for the configuration of Endress+Hauser devices. All smart devices in a plant can be configured via a point-to-point or point-to-bus connection. The user-friendly menus enable transparent and intuitive access to the field devices. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S
System components		
System components	Accessories	Description
System components	Accessories Display RIA15	Description It is integrated in the 4 to 20 mA or HART® loop and transmits the measuring signal or HART® process variables in digital form. The process display unit does not require an external power supply. It is powered directly from the current loop. Image: The process of the second s
System components		It is integrated in the 4 to 20 mA or HART® loop and transmits the measuring signal or HART® process variables in digital form. The process display unit does not require an external power supply. It is powered directly from the current loop.

Documentation

Operating instructions: Modular hygienic thermometers BA02023T

Technical information:

Resistance thermometer for hygienic and aseptic applications iTHERM TM402: TI01349T

Modular resistance thermometer for hygienic and aseptic applications iTHERM TM412: TI01348T

Insert for thermometer installation iTHERM TS212: TI01336T

Thermometer protection tube for hygienic and aseptic applications iTHERM TT412: TI01350T Process Indicator RIA15: TI01043K

Advanced Data Manager Memograph M RSG45: TI01180R

Hazardous area supplementary documentation:

iTHERM Insert TS212 IECEx Ex ia IIC T6 T1: XA01605T

iTHERM TM412 Intrinsically safe Ex ia IIC: XA01024T

iTHERM TM412 Dust-explosion protection Ex ta/tb: XA01023T

iTEMP temperature head transmitter:

TMT80, PC-programmable, single-channel, RTD and TC: TI00153R
 TMT180, PC-programmable, single-channel, Pt100: TI00088R
 TMT71, PC-programmable, integrated Bluetooth[®] interface, analog output: TI01393T
 TMT72, HART[®] protocol, integrated Bluetooth[®] interface: TI01392T
 HART[®] TMT82, two-channel, RTD, TC, Ω, mV: TI01010T
 PROFIBUS[®] PA TMT84, two-channel, RTD, TC, Ω, mV: TI00138R
 FOUNDATION FieldbusTM TMT85, two-channel, RTD, TC, Ω, mV: TI00134R

iTEMP temperature field transmitter:

TMT162, dual input temperature field transmitter with HART® protocol: TI01344T

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